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# **UPDATES: Landownership Restrictions**

### Data updates from the Resources and Technology Division

Resources and Technology Division Economic Research Service U.S. Department of Agriculture

October 1993

## State Restrictions on Landownership By Foreigners and Businesses

Many States have laws restricting ownership of U.S. land by foreigners and business entities. Others merely require such landholdings to be reported.

Most of the laws have been on the books for a number of years. Four States updated their landownership restrictions between 1990 and 1992. Kansas and Minnesota updated their corporate farming statutes to reflect the authorization of limited liability companies. Mississippi repealed its statutory restriction on purchases of State land by aliens and corporations, and Missouri repealed its constitutional (but not its statutory) restrictions on corporate landownership.

Twenty-eight States have some type of law restricting ownership of real property by foreigners. The restrictions vary greatly in the degree of their severity.

#### **Data Releases Planned**

RTD UPDATES, published by the Resources and Technology Division, is a series of data highlights relating to agricultural resources, the environment, food safety, global change, and technology. Surveys of farm operators and others knowledgeable about changing agricultural resource conditions provide vital information to the RTD research program and are the source of these data highlights. RTD UPDATES gives readers recent data acquisitions, with only minimal interpretation or analysis. This quick release of data should enhance your analytical efforts and decisions. Please contact the individual listed in the text of RTD UPDATES on the availability and timing of additional information. Different resource and technology issues are featured each issue, depending a availability of data. A complete listing of released Updates appears on the back page of this issue.

Idaho, for example, merely restricts the acquisition of State-owned lands or interests therein by foreigners. Other States restrict the acquisition of land generally or agricultural land specifically. Still other States (Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland) limit their restrictions to "enemy" aliens. Indiana and other States restrict the amount of acreage that foreigners may hold. Finally, some States, Minnesota, for example, prohibit alien ownership of land, but they generally have exceptions to those prohibitions for certain land uses, such as for mining or research.

Thirteen States have laws restricting business entities from owning land or from farming in the State. Many of these laws restrict the ownership of agricultural land. Several States, lowa for example, have long lists of exceptions (such as for family farm corporations or authorized farm corporations) to the general restrictions.

Ten States require foreigners to report the land they own in the State. The reporting laws enable States to monitor the extent of foreign ownership. Foreign individuals or corporations or U.S. corporations with a significant foreign ownership interest are usually required to file these reports. In addition, seven States allow or direct the State agency charged with monitoring foreign investment to use data collected by the Federal Government under the Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Act.

Ten States have laws requiring business entities to report the land they own in the State. The information required in these reports varies but is usually similar to that required of foreign corporations doing business in the State or to that required of foreign individuals owning land in the State.

Details appear in *State Restrictions on Landownership* by *Aliens and Businesses, December 31, 1992*, AH-702, by J. David Aiken.

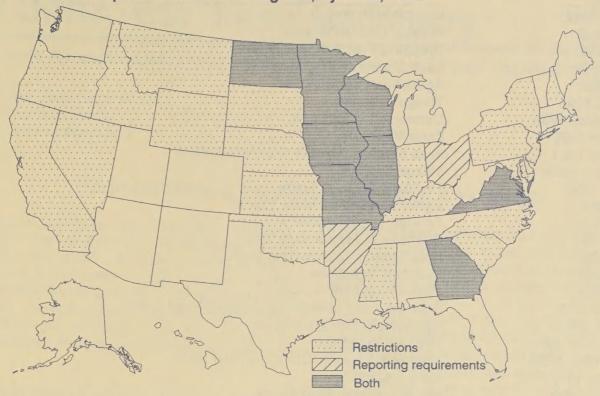
Further information: J. Peter DeBraal, RTD (202) 219-0425.

	A	Aliens	Business	Business entities			
State	Restrictions	Reporting requirement	Restrictions	Reporting requirement			
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California	x	x	х				
Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia	x	x	х				
Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa	x x x x	x x	x x	x x			
Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland	x x		x x	x x x			
Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri	x x x	x x	x x	x x			
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey	X X X X X		х				
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	x x x	x x	x	x			
Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina	x x x		x	x			
South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont	x		х	x			
Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin	x	x x	х				

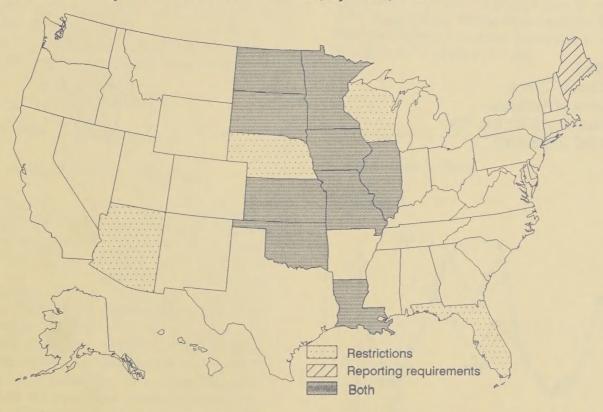
<sup>\*/</sup> Source: Aiken, J.David. State Restrictions on Landownership by Aliens and Businesses, December 31, 1992, AH-702, Econ. Res. Serv. U.S. Dept. of Agric. (Sept. 1993)

Wyoming

# Landownership restrictions on foreigners, by State, 1992



### Landownership restrictions on businesses, by State, 1992



Source: Economic Research Service, USDA.

#### RTD UPDATES

TITLE DATE **Vegetable Survey** March 1992 **April 1992** Foreign Landownership **Cropping Practices Surveys** May 1992 **Early-Season Water Supplies** June 1992 July 1992 **Agricultural Land Values** August 1992 **Tillage Systems** September 1992 **Conservation Reserve** October 1992 **Farm Machinery** Area Studies - Central Nebraska Basins January 1993 February 1993 **Tillage Systems** March 1993 Fertilizer Use and Trade April 1993 **Agricultural Real Estate Taxes** May 1993 Foreign Landownership Changes in Farmland Values June 1993 June 1993 Area Studies - White River Basin July 1993 **Cropping Practices Agricultural Land Values** July 1993 August 1993 Area Studies - Lower Susquehanna River Basin August 1993 Changes in Farmland Values September 1993 1993 Cropland Use Area Studies - Mid Columbia River Basin September 1993 October 1993 **Farm Machinery** 

To subscribe (free) or to obtain back issues contact Richard Magleby, Managing Editor (202) 219-0436.

**Landownership Restrictions** 

#### RTD UPDATES

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# RTD UPDATES: Farm Machinery

Data updates for employees and colleagues of the Resources and Technology Division

Resources and Technology Division Economic Research Service U.S. Department of Agriculture

CURRENT SERIAL RECORDS ACQ. / SERIALS BRANCH

October 1993

### Farm Machinery Purchases Up From a Year Ago

Sales of tractors, combines, and other farm machinery increased over the first 8 months of 1993, compared to the corresponding period in 1992. Sales of farm tractors totaled 52,800 units in 1992. Through August 1993, sales were 38,144 units, up from 34,388 units in August 1992. Combine sales were up 6 percent from August 1992 to August 1993. Sales were up nearly every month from the corresponding months of the past 2 years.

Several factors affect the demand for farm machinery including farm income, debt, assets, cash receipts, and the interest rate. Farm income, assets, and cash receipts, are positively correlated--as these indicators rise, so do sales of farm machinery. Debt and the interest rate are negatively correlated--as these indicators fall, farm machinery sales rise. The current rise in sales is probably due largely to the effects of rising farm incomes, lower interest rates, higher asset values, and lower farm debt.

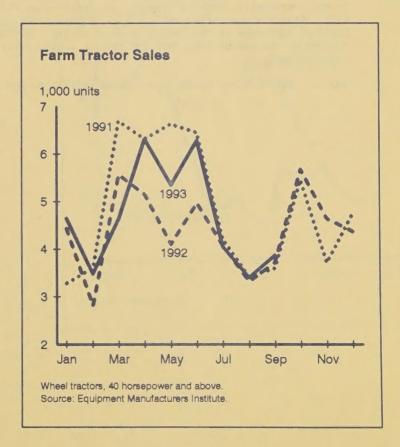
Exports of farm machinery rose 12 percent in January-July 1993, compared to the corresponding period in 1992. Imports also rose, but only by half as much. The trade balance for farm machinery was positive.

Capital depreciation of farm machinery has exceeded capital investment every year since 1980 in the United States. This negative net investment is known as capital depletion and was most pronounced in the mid 1980's. One factor that may contribute to capital depletion is a trend toward conservation tillage. Fewer tillage operations put less hours on machinery, resulting in less capital investment.

Other farm machinery statistics appear in the October 1993 **Agricultural Resources, Inputs Situation and Outlook Report**. For further information contact Marlow Vesterby, RTD, (202) 219-0422.

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Trends in U.S. farm investment expenditures and factors affecting farm investment demand

Item	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992P
Total and other than				\$ billion	
				* DILLION	
Capital expenditures:					
Tractors	2.54	2.90	3.12	2.59	2.8
Other farm machinery	4.22	5.09	5.59	5.41	5.1
Total	6.76	7.99	8.71	8.00	7.9
Tractor and machinery repairs	4.02	5.41	4.37	4.48	4.2
Trucks and autos	2.36	2.58	2.62	2.39	2.3
Farm buildings 1/	2.39	2.53	2.80	2.75	2.4
Factors affecting demand: Interest expenses	14.3	13.8	13.3	12.1	11
Total production expenses	137.0	144.0	149.9	150.3	149
Farm business assets:	137.0	144.0	147.7	150.5	147
Real estate assets 2/	595.5	615.7	628.2	623.2	633.1
The second secon			220.2	220.7	228.1
Nonreal estate assets 2/	205.6	214.1	136.8	138.8	138.3
Farm business debt 2/3/				37.5	42.3
Agricultural exports 4/	35.4	39.6	40.1		171
Cash receipts	151.2	161.2	170.0	168.7	
Net farm income	38.8	46.9	46.5	40.0	48
Net cash income	54.5	54.7	55.9	53.3	57
Direct government payments	14.5	10.9	9.3	8.2	9
			М	lillion acres	
Idled acres 5/	77.7	60.8	61.6	64.5	54.9
				Percent	
				rencent	
Real prime rate 6/ 7/ 8/	5.4	6.5	5.7	4.4	3.7
Nominal farm machinery and	44.7	40.0	40.7	44.7	0.7
equipment loan rate 7/8/	11.7	12.8	12.3	11.3	9.3
Real farm machinery and					
equipment loan rate 6/8/	8.4	8.4	8.0	7.2	6.7
Debt-asset ratio 9/	17.4	16.5	16.1	16.4	16.1

1/ Includes service buildings structures, and land improvements. 2/ Calculated using nominal dollar balance sheet data, excluding farm households, for December 31 of each year. 3/ Excludes CCC loans. 4/ Fiscal year. 5/ Includes acres idled through commodity programs and acres enrolled in the Conservation Reserve Program. 6/ Deflated by the GDP deflator. 7/ Average annual interest rate. From the quarterly sample survey of commercial banks: Agricultural Financial Databook, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. 8/ 2nd quarter 1993. 9/ Outstanding farm debt divided by the sum of farm real and nonreal estate asset values.
P-preliminary.

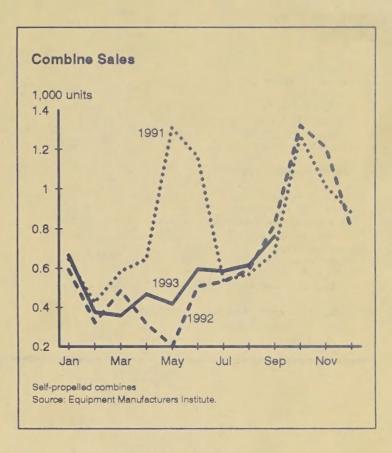
Source: Agricultural Income and Finance, Situation and Outlook Reports, and other ERS sources.

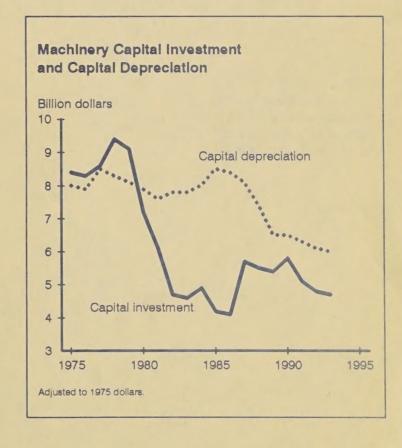
#### Farm machinery exports and imports 1/

			lonuo	lanuary- luly			
			January-July				
Item	1991	1992	1992	1993			
		Million	dollars				
Exports:			doctars				
Total	1,556	1,706	1,059	1,188			
Tractors 2/ Tractors, 40-100 HP	40	4.0					
Tractors, over 100 HP	12 335	18 355	11 244	13 269			
Tractors, used	84	76	51	48			
Other misc. tractors	65	81	42	59			
Combines and harvesters	279	283	178	213			
Balers	59	65	42	41			
Mowers Haying equipment	46 23	47	36	38			
Plows 3/	11	23 10	16	28 7			
Disk harrows	5	6	4	6			
Cultivators and tillers	52	67	41	58			
Spraying equipment	22	24	14	13			
Seeders and planters	29	34	23	31			
Fertilizing equipment Cleaning and grading equip	22	22	14	16			
Livestock equipment	320	19 383	10 225	7 234			
Parts and components	177	190	103	111			
Imports:							
Total	1,606	1,633	1,005	1,070			
Tractors 2/	1,000	1,055	1,005	1,010			
Tractors, 40-100 HP	547	569	353	344			
Tractors, over 100 HP	172	188	99	78			
Tractors, used	46	38	24	33			
Other misc. tractors Combines and harvesters	251 57	241	144	190			
Balers	8	6	37	42			
Mowers	60	60	43	43			
Haying equipment	14	7	5	9			
Plows 3/	20	11	7	7			
Disk harrows	33	24	12	11			
Cultivators and tillers Spraying equipment	44 32	38 38	24	30			
Seeders and planters	19	26	29 14	26 32			
Fertilizing equipment	14	15	9	10			
Cleaning and grading equip	6	4	3	8			
Livestock equipment	82	90	51	63			
Parts and components	200	224	147	138			

<sup>1/</sup> Some items may not be comparable to previous data due

Source: Official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.





to reclassification.

<sup>2/</sup> Excludes crawler tractors.

<sup>3/</sup> Includes moldboard, disk and other plows.

Machinery category	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	Jan-Sep 1993	Change 91-92	Jan-Sep 92-93
				Units					Percent	
Tractors:										
Two-wheel-drive 40-99 hp 100-139 hp 1/	30,800 5,100	30,700 5,100	33,100 4,300	35,000 5,200	38,400	33,900	34,500	26,900	2	4
Over 139 hp 1/	9,100	10,800	11,800	15,400						
Total over 99 hp Four-wheel-drive	14,300 2,000	15,900 1,700	16,100 2,700	20,600 4,100	22,800 5,100	20,100	15,600 2,700		-22 -35	24 18
All farm wheel tractors	47,100	48,400	51,700	59,700	66,300	58,100	52,800	42,000	-9	10
rain and forage harvesting equipment:										
Self-propelled combines Forage harvesters 1/2/	7,700 2,200	7,200 2,300	6,000 2,400	9,100 2,800	10,400	9,700	7,700	4,400	-21	11
laying equipment: Mower conditions 1/	10,900	11,200	11,000	13,200						

<sup>1/</sup> Discontinued after 1989. 2/ Shear bar type.

Source: Equipment Manufacturers Institute (EMI).

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